

ANZAC Lesson One



LI: We are learning to reflect on content and compare information found in a text to knowledge sourced elsewhere.

S.C We will answer some research questions by viewing a news story and reading some information text.

What to do:

- Read through the questions you are required to answer first.
- Activate your prior knowledge and answer any questions you think you already know (without reading anything) in a chosen colour.
- Watch the Behind The News (BTN) segment and pause at 7 minutes 30secs.
<https://www.abc.net.au/btn/anzac-day-special/12133092>
- Read the ANZAC facts on the next page.

Answer the following questions using information you have gained from both sources. You can write them in a book or type them. Use a different colour to the one you used for your prior knowledge. (If you don't have colours or can't change the font colour you can just do your answers separately)

- What date and year was the landing at Gallipoli?
- What does ANZAC stand for?
- Which larger conflict was Gallipoli a part of?
- What is the name of the highest award for bravery?
- How long did the Gallipoli campaign last?
- Why did the tradition of ANZAC biscuits come about?
- What instrument is the last post traditionally played on?
- What did the Last Post originally mean to soldiers when it was a military call?
- When was the first official public holiday for ANZAC DAY in Australia?
- When was the first Dawn Service held?

ANZAC DAY FACTS FOR PRIMARY SCHOOL KIDS

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- The ANZACS landed on the Gallipoli Peninsula in Turkey on the 25th April 1915. This day is now known as ANZAC Day.
- ANZAC stands for Australia and New Zealand Army Corps.
- The term 'ANZACS' is used to refer to Australian and New Zealand soldiers who fought in World War 1.
- World War 1 began in August 1914 when Britain and Germany declared war on each other. Australia and New Zealand followed Britain into war.
- At the time of World War 1, Australia had only been a country for 13 years. World War 1 is seen as an important moment in Australia's history.
- The Gallipoli Peninsula is very near the ancient city of Troy.
- The battle at Gallipoli lasted 8 months, with more than 11,000 ANZACS dying and 23,500 being wounded in battle.
- All ANZAC soldiers who fought at Gallipoli were volunteers – they weren't drafted into service like soldiers were in other countries.
- Wives of ANZAC soldiers made what we now know as ANZAC biscuits for their husbands. Since they contained no eggs or milk, they had a long shelf life. The soldiers ate them instead of bread.
- ANZAC Day wasn't officially a public holiday in Australia or New Zealand until 1921.
- The first dawn service was in 1923. Dawn is significant because this is when the soldiers landed at Gallipoli. It is also considered the best time to attack in battle.

